BURE PARK PRIMARY SCHOOL

LEARNING AND CONDUCT BEHAVIOURS POLICY



Learning, Caring, Growing, Sharing

| ROLE | NAME | SIGNATURE | DATE |
|-----------------------|-----------------|-----------|----------|
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| Leader | | | |
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| Next Review November 2024 | |
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1. Introduction

1.1 Aims

The route to exceptional behaviour lies in the behaviour of every adult and their ability to create a culture of certainty – Paul Dix

The answer lies in the ability of adults to deliver behaviour policy and practice that is simple, highly effective and utterly consistent. – Paul Dix

The staff and governors of Bure Park Primary School unreservedly endorse the above statements, and we are proud of the school and appreciate that the children in it are an asset, working hard and behaving appropriately.

Children's behaviour is related to the growth of their interpersonal skills. The earliest influences on these are to be found in the home and its circumstances and are strengthened and widened by influences encountered in school. Children learn about acceptable and non-acceptable behaviour, both at home and at school, from modelling by others and from the way in which they themselves are treated.

In order to provide a positive atmosphere in which good modelling can develop, the staff aim to:

- clearly communicate and teach acceptable standards of behaviour
- ensure that the school is a safe, orderly environment that encourages learning
- create an environment which encourages and reinforces 'good' behaviour giving plenty of appropriate praise
- encourage consistency when managing both positive and negative behaviour
- give regular reminders of what is expected within the different parts of the school, on the playground and on educational visits
- 'teach' good behaviour both formally and informally
- create a calm, productive atmosphere that is conducive to a range of effective, independent learning behaviours
- set examples in their own manner, courtesy and care

- help pupils understand that actions have consequences, both positive and negative, and that they are responsible for the choices they make.
- promote self esteem, self discipline and positives relationships with adults and children
- encourage the involvement of both home and school in the implementation of this policy.
- Not discriminate against a pupil, whilst implementing this policy, whose apparent inappropriate behaviour may be a function of their SEN, disability, racial and/or cultural background or any other extenuating personal circumstances, including identifying early those children whose behaviour may affect their learning and that of others.
- Ensure that any occurrence of bullying is dealt with swiftly following the School's Anti-bullying policy. (see separate policy)

Interwoven in the growth of interpersonal skills is the development of self-esteem. Children exhibiting inappropriate behaviour often have low self-esteem and/or learning difficulties. The staff accept that there is a need to create a whole school climate in which all children can feel emotionally and socially secure, both inside and beyond the classroom. To achieve this, the staff:

- offer a broad, balanced and differentiated curriculum, within which independent learning skills and behaviours are encouraged
- use whole class, small groups and individual situations to meet both learning and emotional needs
- offer consistency of expectation
- make use of appropriate rewards and sanctions
- value the contribution and efforts of all individuals, including outside agency support.
- help establish a working, and relaxing, environment which, in itself, quietly expects conformity to normal standards of behavior and learning ethics.

1.2 Consultation

This policy was written by Sarah Moon, (Head Teacher) in initial consultation with the Senior Leadership Team.

- Teaching staff during INSET day, October 2023
- Pupils school council discussion
- Governors Full Governing Board Meeting November 2023

1.3 Legislation and guidance

Behaviour in Schools – advice for head teachers and school staff – September 2022

Suspension and Permanent Exclusion from maintained schools, academies and pupil referral units in England, including pupil movement September 2023.

2. Procedures and practice

2.1 Classroom Management and Environment

Classroom management and teaching methods do have an important influence on children's behaviour. The classroom environment gives children clear messages about their efforts and how they are valued. Relationships between children and teachers, strategies for encouraging good behaviour, arrangements of furniture, access to resources, classroom displays and the use of

coloured slides on powerpoints across all subjects (retrieval of knowledge from previous units or year groups (blue teaching slides), recapping related knowledge from last session at the start of the next lesson (purple teaching slides), and the use of green teaching slides to highlight new learning clearly to pupils) have a bearing both on how children behave and develop independent learning skills.

Classrooms are organised to develop independence and personal initiative in learning. Furniture is arranged to provide an environment conducive to on-task behaviour. Materials and resources are arranged, and labelled, to aid accessibility and reduce uncertainty and disruption. Displays should help develop self esteem through demonstrating the value of every individual's contribution, working walls help children to manage their own learning. "Visual timetables help the children with the format of the day, so that they are more informed

Teaching methods encourage enthusiasm and active participation. Lessons aim to develop skills, knowledge, connections and understanding which will help children to learn, work, play and care for and respect others. Praise will be used to encourage good behaviour as well as good working habits. Regular activity for brain breaks and active movement are built into the learning day - the aim being every 20 minutes in KS1 and every 30 minutes in KS2 – this may be movement to music for several minutes, the daily mile, skipping challenges or learning activities that are conducted whilst moving – these allow short sharp active times that refocus and allow better engagement to learning. Children are encouraged to be monitors within the classroom and around school in order to be a part of the day to day organisation and management of the learning environment.

At some points throughout the day, teachers may require assistance from another member of staff or a member of the senior leadership team to support individual pupils. If teachers are able to call the office then they should. In other circumstances, staff are provided with red cards with their class number to be sent to the office. The office staff will seek an available member of the senior leadership team to support.

2.2 Rewards

Positive praise will always be used in all situations to reward good behaviour and with children trying hard to adapt their behaviour. Within the daily framework of the school, the staff use a system of rewards and sanctions. The staff feel that all rewards should have value and credibility. Making the reward special has more to do with the way it is given than any material worth. The most frequent and immediate reward is a smile, positive praise, a suitably worded verbal or written comment or the awarding of a credit. These can broadly be awarded to a genuinely good piece of work, for good behaviour or for a positive contribution towards the life of the school. Particular Reward systems in classrooms are consistent in year group teams, for example marble jars, and are revised and adapted yearly to meet the needs of the cohort of children

House Points: There are 4 houses – Lime, Beech, Oak and Willow. The house points are rewarded with a token which is put into tubes, which are in Reception, so that children can monitor how their house team is doing. There is a cup for the winning house at the end of each term and finally the end of the academic year, with ribbons put on at the end of each term to show which team is currently in front.

As decided by the School Council – House Points can be achieved by:

- 3 weeks in a row of homework in on time including TT Rockstars
- Demonstrating a growth mindset
- Demonstrating the school values teamwork, kindness, honesty
- Smart presentation of work
- Good contributions in class sharing ideas
- Asking a really good question in class

- Using our initiative
- Showing individual progress or success

Home and after-school achievements will be acknowledged in sharing assemblies.

In Key Stage 2

• For 10 house points a child will be presented with a certificate

In EYFS and KS1

- Verbal positive praise
- Stickers featuring the three school values, kindness, teamwork and honesty
- Star of the day (good choices board)
- Whole class reward system

2.3 Restorative Practice and Sanctions

We are a Restorative School and the values of the school underpin the behaviors expected of every pupil. Adults at Bure Park know that positive adult relationships and interactions underpin all behaviours and support the power behind our restorative practice. By following restorative practices we can both guide and encourage children towards acceptable behaviour which can then be acknowledged and rewarded. It is important when working with children who need help with modifying their behaviour that staff analyse and don't personalise and that it is the behaviour that is not liked and not the child.

We respond to negative, unproductive or unsafe behaviour with gradual strategies and intervention in order to de-escalate and to ensure a safe environment for all. This involves resolving conflict and redirecting unproductive (or destructive) behaviour. Responding to antisocial behaviour in a productive and proportional way teaches children how to shape behaviour leading to the development of self-regulation skills. Fitting the consequence to the child, the situation, and the context rather than a blanket approach supports equality and equity within our community. Sanctions can range from a 'natural' consequence of fixing something which has been broken to more formal internal or external suspension/ exclusion. Consequences will always be proportionate with a view to correcting negative behaviour and repairing relationships with other members of the community.

Adults at Bure Park understand the diversity of our school community (e.g. children with SEND needs) and realise that the sanctions outlined here may not be appropriate for all learners. Other sanctions and consequences may be deemed more appropriate for individual children. In these cases, individual children would have an individual support plan (ISP) which is written in consultation with the class teacher, SENDCO, parents/guardians and in some cases external agencies. Children will be involved in this planning if age appropriate.

Below is an illustration of the actions taken by staff to resolve the differing levels of behaviour or conflict that may occur at Bure Park Primary School. Even though these describe individual situations, it is to the discretion of staff which consequence fits the child, the situation and the behaviour.

| | Level of Behaviours: | Actions: | Response: |
|---------|--|---|--|
| Level 1 | Low Level - Out of seat/ calling out/ interrupting adults during input/ loud noise making/ interrupting other children Minor Inappropriate language Not listening Not keeping hands and feet to themselves | Script is used to clarify and reiterate the expectations of the learning behaviours and what it looks like. | Low key response, correction with minimal interruption. Proximity Removal of object Non-verbal communication 'Sarah, I have noticed that you are calling out. In our class, we put our hand up to share ideas. Thank you' When the child corrects - 'Thank you Sarah for putting your hand up. I can see you have something to tell me.' Positive choices Link back to values Expectations reminders/ Quiet prompt Support to make the correct choices. |
| Level 2 | Low continued - | Warning about behaviours before a conversation takes place with a member senior leadership team. Child asked to sit in safe space to reflect and reset ready to continue with learning. Safe space employs strategies for the child to calm and refocus. | 'Sarah, you have chosen to still call out, I would like you to have a few moments in our safe space to reflect on your behaviours and I will have a conversation with you about them.' Safe spaces are created in the class or the desk just outside the classroom where the staff member can see the child are used for the child to reflect on behaviours. At this point, self soothing strategies can be used ie, taught breathing, social stories, a couple of blocks of lego etc. Staff talk about this space with the whole class prior to use and its purpose in the behaviour process. Timers can be used to support. 'Sarah, you have chosen to bang your bottle on your table, I would really love for you to have a conversation with me at break time about your choices.' |

'I know you can be successful today, let's reset our day and have a fresh start because I really know you can work hard and be successful, Sarah' If child adjusts behaviour, no further action. Lots of positive framing if the behaviour is corrected. Use of the word - 'choices' and 'reset' Any work missed must be completed at the earliest opportunity - either break or Lunch - children would not be expected to miss full break or lunch as reasonable time to eat/ drink or go to the toilet should be provided. Child's adults are informed by class teacher if appropriate. Level 3 Medium -Senior The above is still followed with the child Continuation of low Leadership having time to reflect in a safe place. level behaviours despite SLT to be informed. The leader has a to be reset/reflection time and follow up restorative conversation with informed. the child and is logged on CPOMS if restorative conversations. Dealt with by Obstructive a member of deemed severe enough. behaviour ie refusal to staff within The restorative conversation supports complete or participate in the work. appropriate the child to take personal responsibility Inappropriate phase. and empowers them to take restorative physical interactions Incident action, with anyone else, if appropriate: Very minor logged on Conversation framework Identify behaviours damage to **CPOMS** school/personal property Who is involved and the impact? Discussion about expectation and Swearing what should be seen instead? What is going to happen next? What is the repair? Any work missed must be completed at the earliest opportunity - either break or lunch - children would not be expected to miss full break or lunch as reasonable time to eat/ drink or go to the toilet should be provided. An internal suspension may be deemed appropriate at this point (the child completes work away from peers but under the supervision of a member

| | | | of staff). This is to ensure the safety of all children but also ensure that learning can be continued away from disruption. Child's adults are informed by class teacher. |
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| Level 4 | High - Stage one Serious or deliberate Rudeness to adults Leaving the room without permission Continual refusal to complete set learning even after medium levels of consequence Upsetting and name calling other people Highly disruptive behaviours Throwing objects in the room Intentional spitting | Sent to HT/DHT Incident Logged on CPOMS Consequenc e given | Direct conversation between SLT member, staff member, who works with child and child. "At our school we, by continuing to you are choosing to be" Any work missed must be completed at the earliest opportunity - either break or Lunch - children would not be expected to miss full break or lunch as reasonable time to eat/ drink or go to the toilet should be provided. Child's adults are informed by SLT member. Consequences could include: Internal suspension for next lesson to promote positive change An internal suspension may be deemed appropriate at this point (the child completes work away from peers but under the supervision of a member of staff). This is to ensure the safety of all children but also ensure that learning can be continued away from disruption |
| Level 5 | High - Stage 2 Persistent offensive/ abusive language Throwing object with the intent to harm Breaking/ destroying class equipment Physically hurting others Damaging property | Sent to HT/ DHT Incident Logged on CPOMS | Direct restorative conversation between SLT member, staff member, who works with child and child. If this is consistently happening, behaviour plan issued for child. Consequences: Internal suspension Fixed Term Suspension followed by a reintegration meeting. |

| Racial/ religious/ homophobic/ xenophobic incidents Sexual incidents Behaviour that leads to room evacuation. | e call |
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Staff use a set of questions for these restorative conversations. Behaviours are logged on CPOMS (the school's internal safeguarding and behaviour monitoring system) from level 2 and above. If a pattern of incidents should arise, a senior member of staff will support the child's class teacher in the first instance and then may ask to meet with the child's parents or guardians to discuss next steps. Inclusion Support Plans (ISP) may be created to build support around the child or family to ensure success at school. All staff will be conversant with this I.S.P. in order to ensure consistency of approach and, ultimately, success. In occasions of level 2 or 3 behaviours, an ISP may be created to support child success.

In any cases of extreme behaviour, special procedures will be put in place to ensure that a child is not "unsafe" to themselves, others or property. Where appropriate, Individual Behaviour Plans or Pastoral Support plans will be in place. Special handling procedures, through training, will be attached to the child. Other children may be removed from an area, leaving the pupil alone to be calmed down. Staff may block a child if others are at risk or "shepherd" the child in question to another area.

If the child is persistently unsafe in terms of harming others, themselves or property (please refer to examples in Level 3 above), the Headteacher and Governors have the right to impose a short fixed term suspension, or in extreme circumstances a permanent exclusion. Any sanction must take into account the context, i.e. the time, place, activity, extenuating personal circumstances of the child and it should, where possible, be immediate. A reintegration meeting will usually be put in place (with the Headteacher, SENDCo, class teacher, parents, child) as or after the pupil returns to school to discuss a way forward. Inclusion Support Plans are put in place to support children in adjusting their behaviour.

2.4 Roles and responsibilities

Governors: Monitoring the policy, through receiving reports from Head Teacher at full governing board meetings 6 x yearly, monitoring visits and exclusions panel

Headteacher: Monitor policy through regular checks on CPOMS and working with colleagues, parents and children to provide support, working to ensure consistency, continuity and a whole-school approach. Ensure outside agencies are involved if needed. If necessary, suspend or permanent exclude a pupil.

Deputy Head Teacher: Support the Head Teacher in monitoring the policy through regular checks on CPOMS and working with colleagues, parents and children to provide support, working to ensure consistency, continuity and a whole-school approach. Ensure outside agencies are involved if needed As necessary, become involved at Level 3.

Head of department: Work with colleagues, parents and children to provide support, working to ensure consistency, continuity and a whole-school approach. As necessary, become involved with at Level 2.Share concerns with HT, DHT and SENDCo.

Teachers and Teaching Assistants: To follow the policy consistently, recording all incidents from Level 2 upwards on the CPOMS system. Alert HT/DHT/SENDCo about any behavioural concerns, so support can be put in place. Work with children and families to provide support.

Pupils: To try and make good choices in behaviour and learning. Through the restorative practice, learn from mistakes and attempt to rectify them.

Parents: To support their child to make positive behavioural choices, attend meetings as necessary and inform school of any external changes which may affect their child's behavioural choices.

2.3 Aspects

Equal opportunities:

The Staff and Governing Body will work together within the requirements of the Special Education and Disability Act 2001 (S.E.N.D.) to ensure that pupils with special educational needs, or a disability, both current and prospective, are treated favourably and without discrimination; as well as those children who may be "children we care for" or Young Carers. We will make any appropriate adjustments, or changes, to ensure that they are not placed at a substantial disadvantage compared to their peers – in day-to-day provision or exclusions. Bure Park School is committed to inclusive education for all.

Health and safety:

Some children will require an individual risk assessment due to their needs. This will be completed by the Class Teacher and SENDCo and reviewed on a regular basis.

Teaching:

Making positive behavioural choices will be taught throughout the curriculum, but specifically in PSHE. It will also be taught throughout weekly assemblies.

3. Concluding notes

3.1 Monitoring and review

This policy will be monitored by 6 weekly checks on CPOMS to look for trends and any areas of concern. Details of this monitoring will be shared with SLT, Staff and the Governing Body.

The policy will be revised yearly, or earlier if Government guidance changes.

3.2 Links to other policies

This policy should be read in conjunction with:

Anti-Bullying Policy

Positive Handling Policy

| Exclusion Policy | | |
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